




Università degli Studi di Torino
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3D Bioceramic scaffolds for bone tissue engineering

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NIS colloquium
"Advances in biomaterials: combining simulations and experiments"
 Torino, 28-29 November 2013




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Types of transplants of tissues authorized today

- Cornea, sclera and conjunctiva
- Ligaments, cortical and trabecular bone
- Cardiac valves: pulmonary aortic, mitral
- Vascular segments
- Skin
- Amniotic membrane
- Hematopoietic progenitors
- Pancreatic islets

The future organs and tissues for transplants

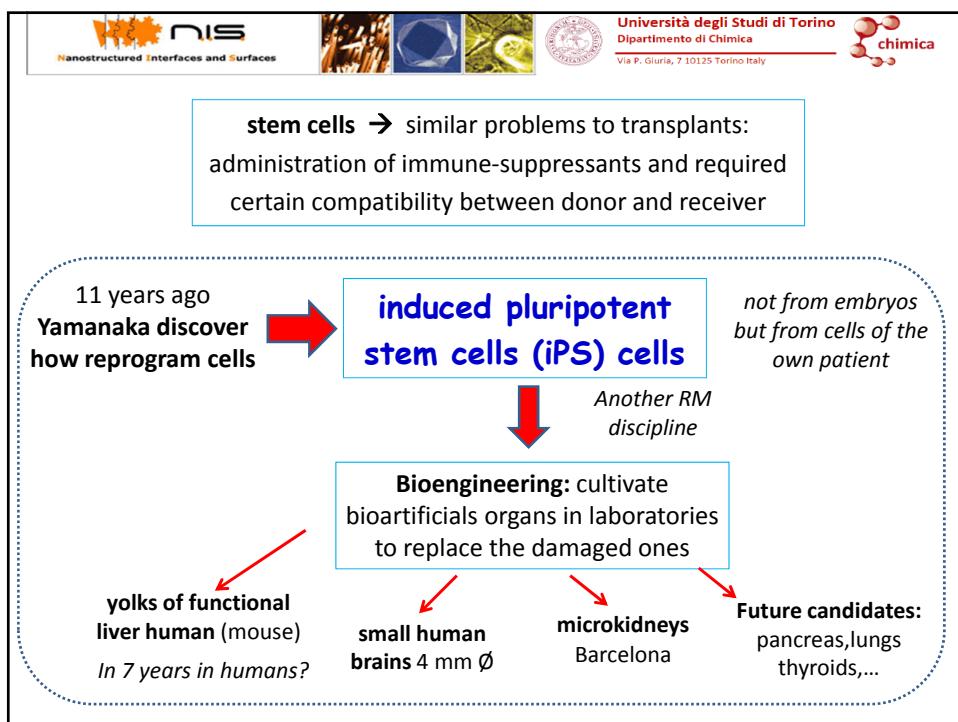
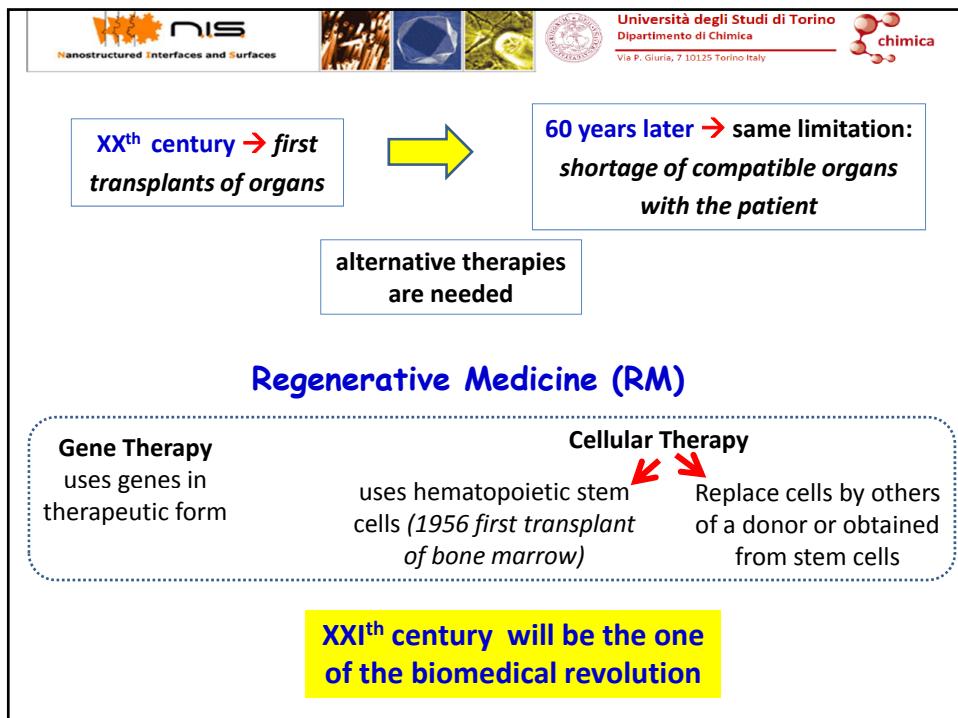
Medicine regenerative → Advanced therapies

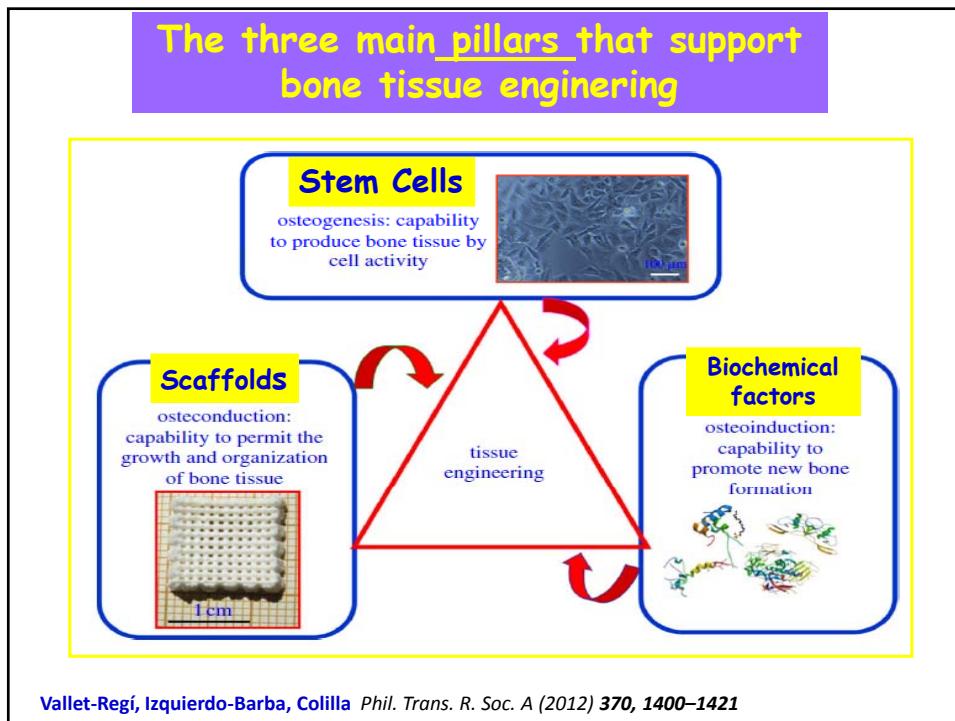
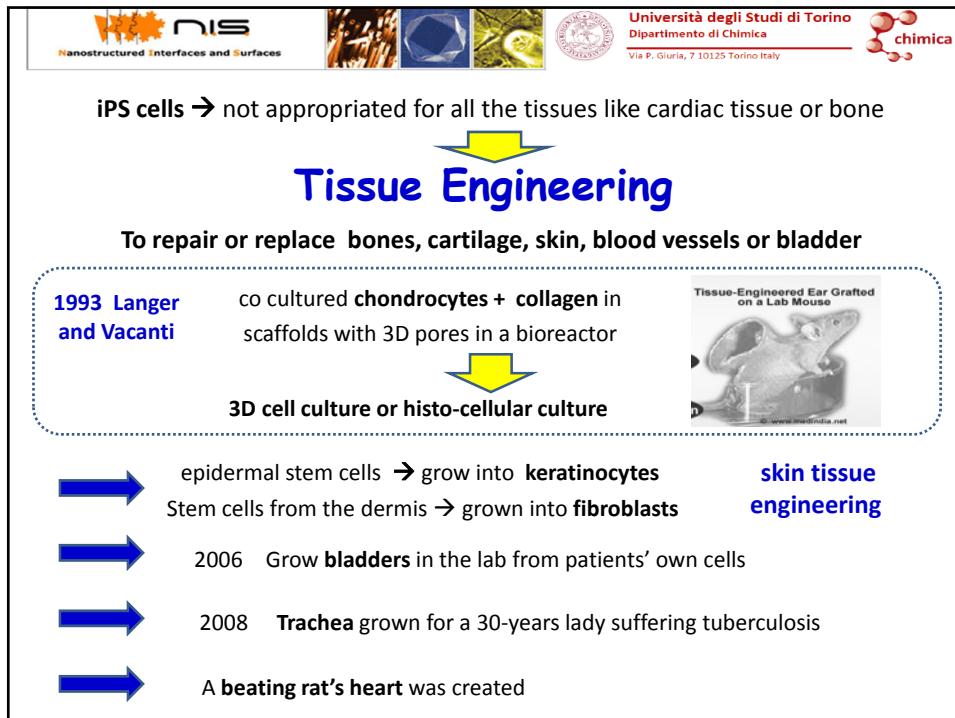
Cell therapy ← Gene therapy → Tissue engineering

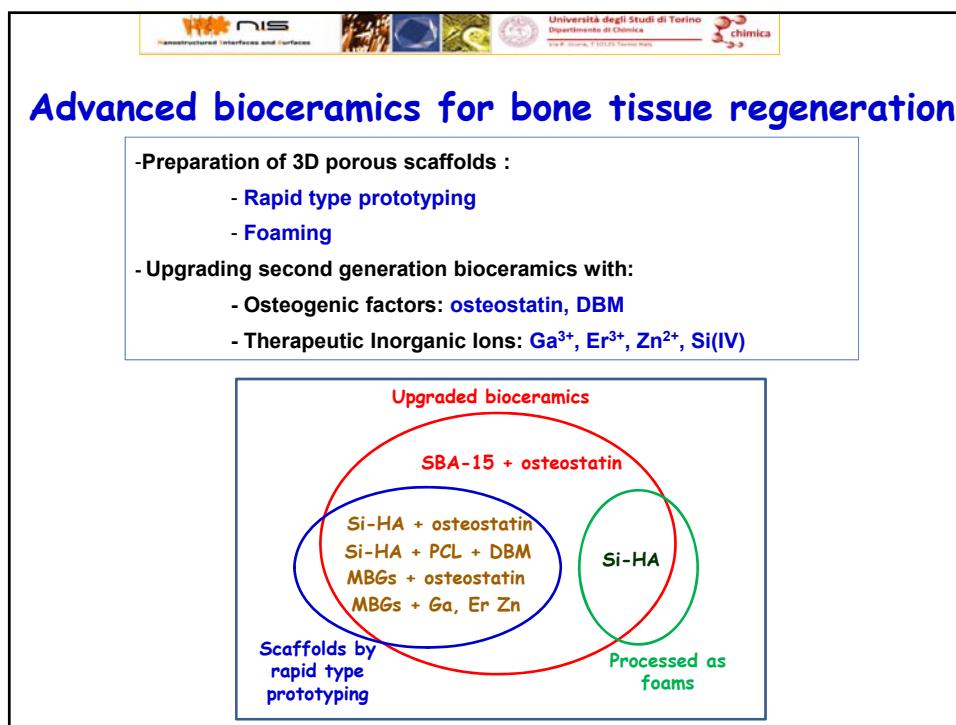
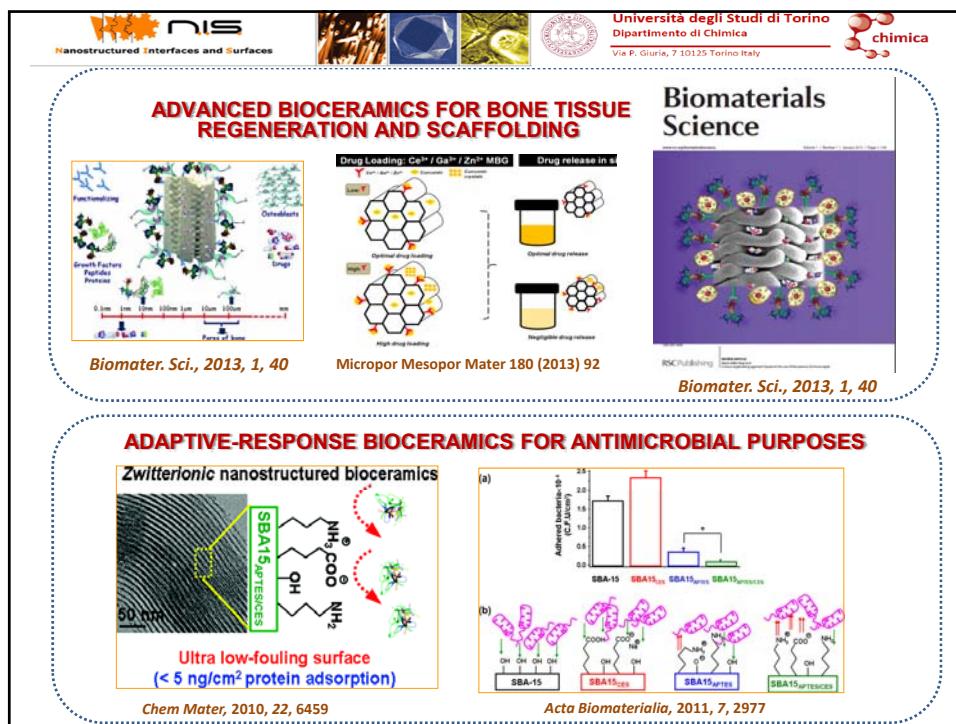
Including autologous, allogenic or xenogenic products

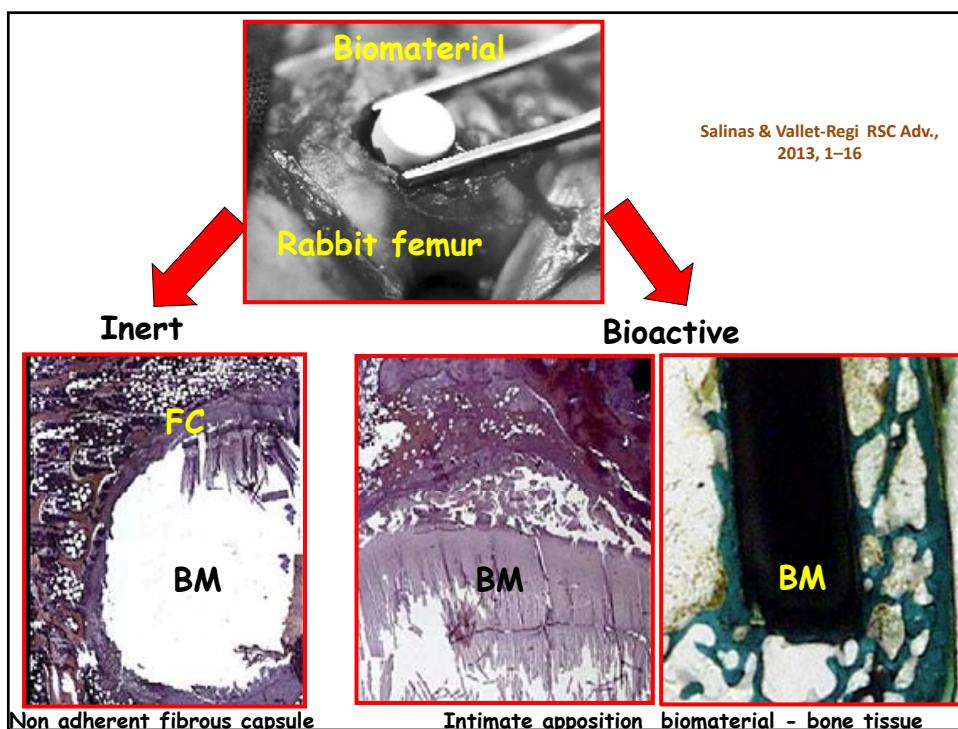
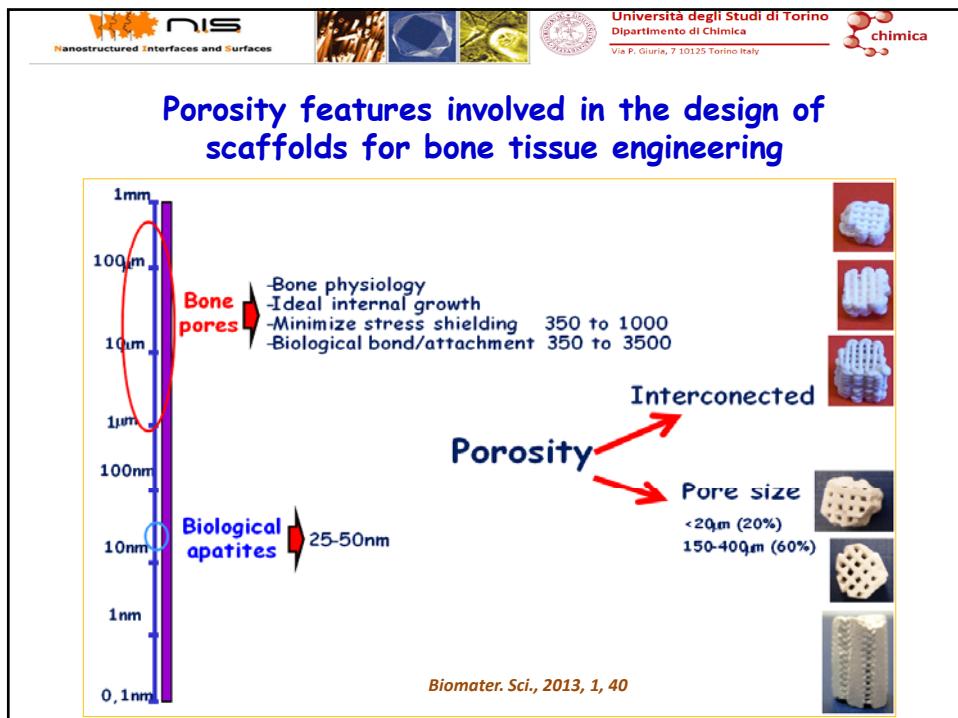
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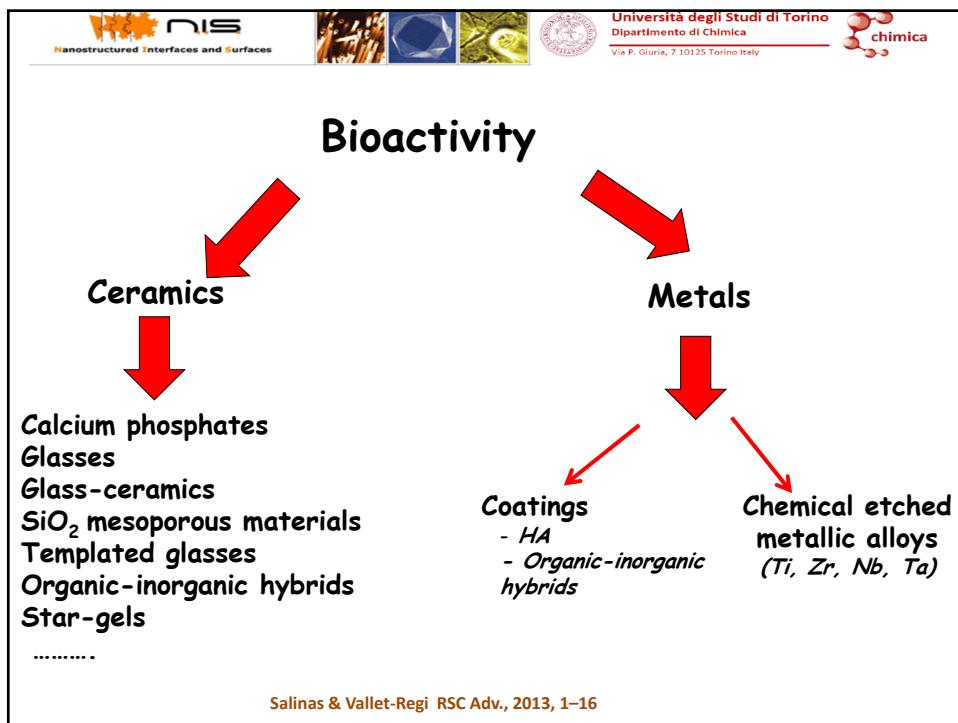
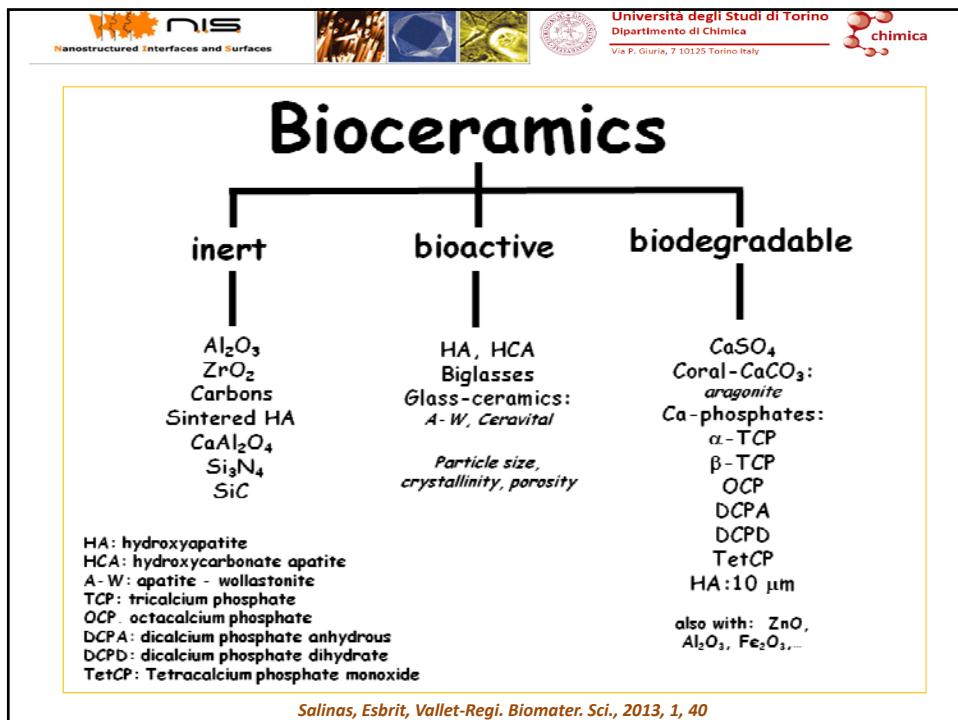
New opportunities for treatment of some diseases

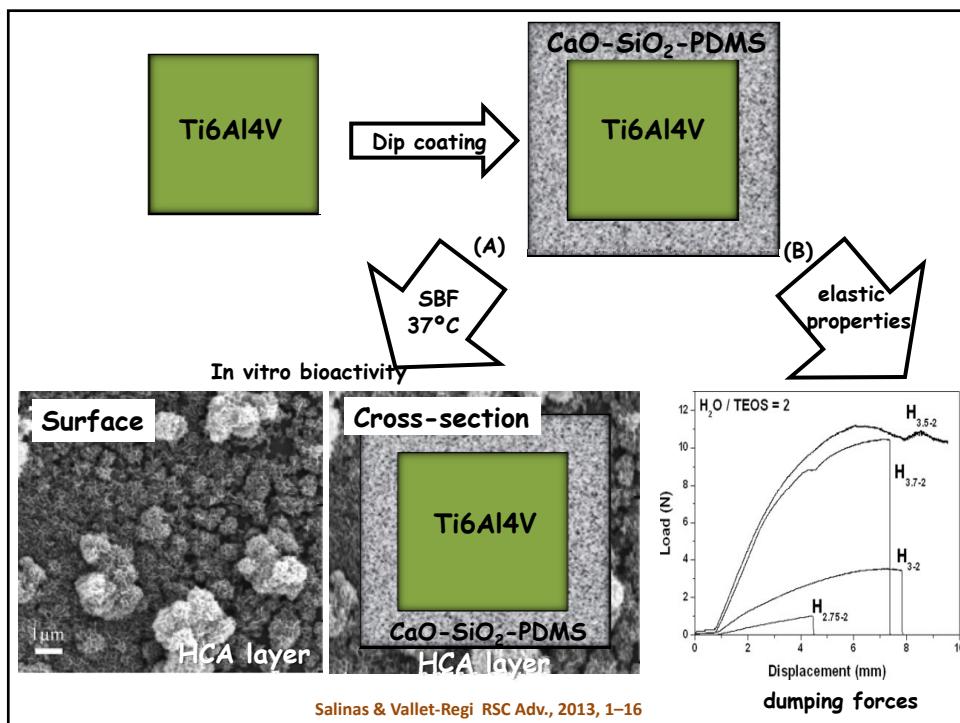
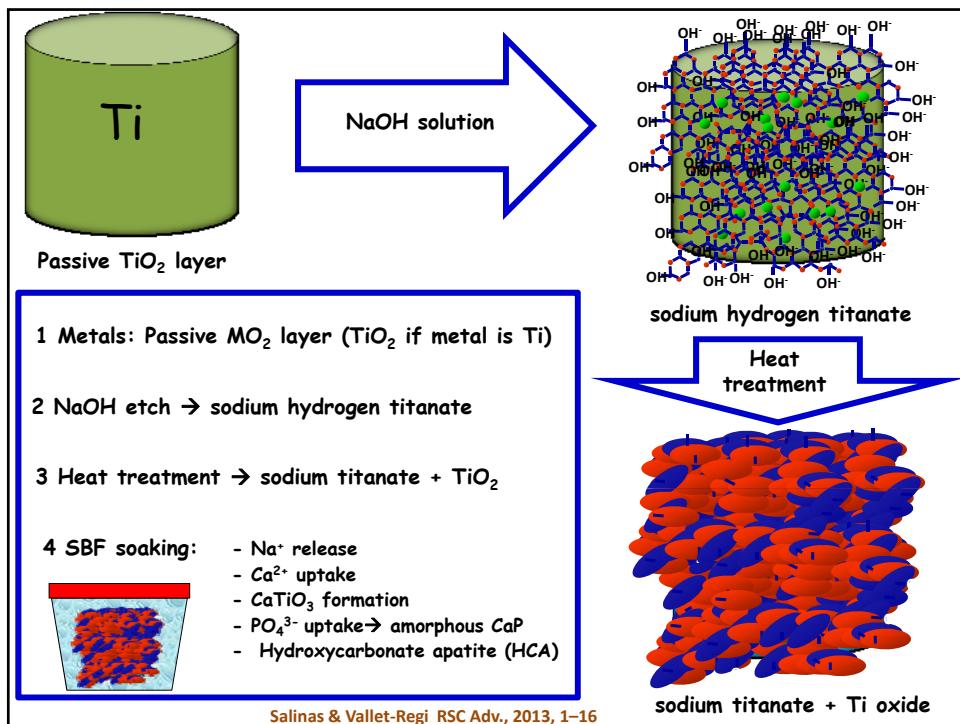


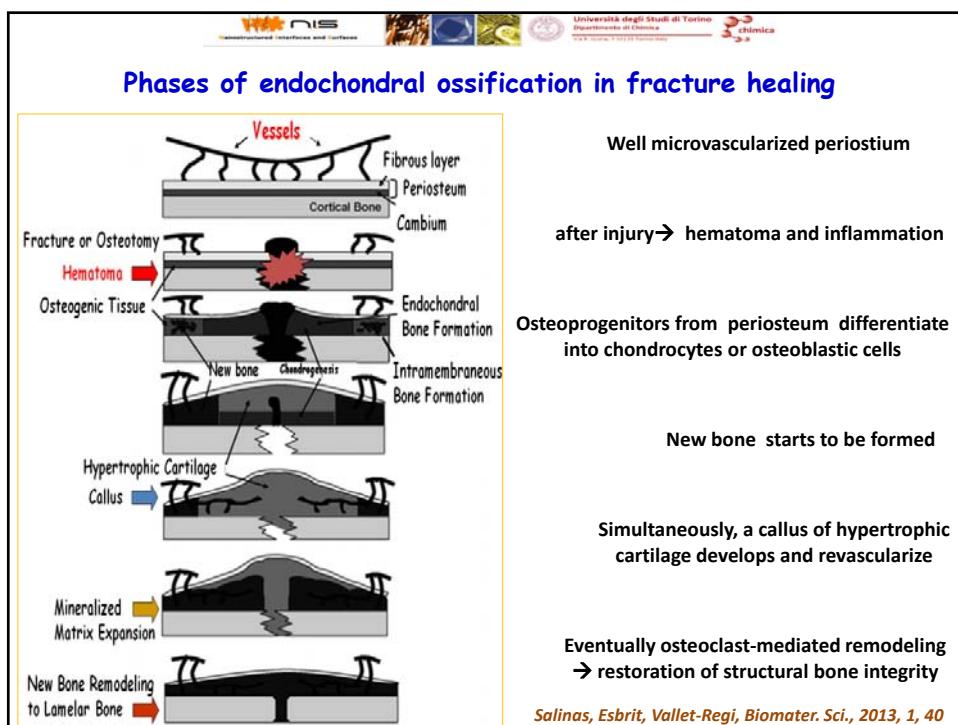
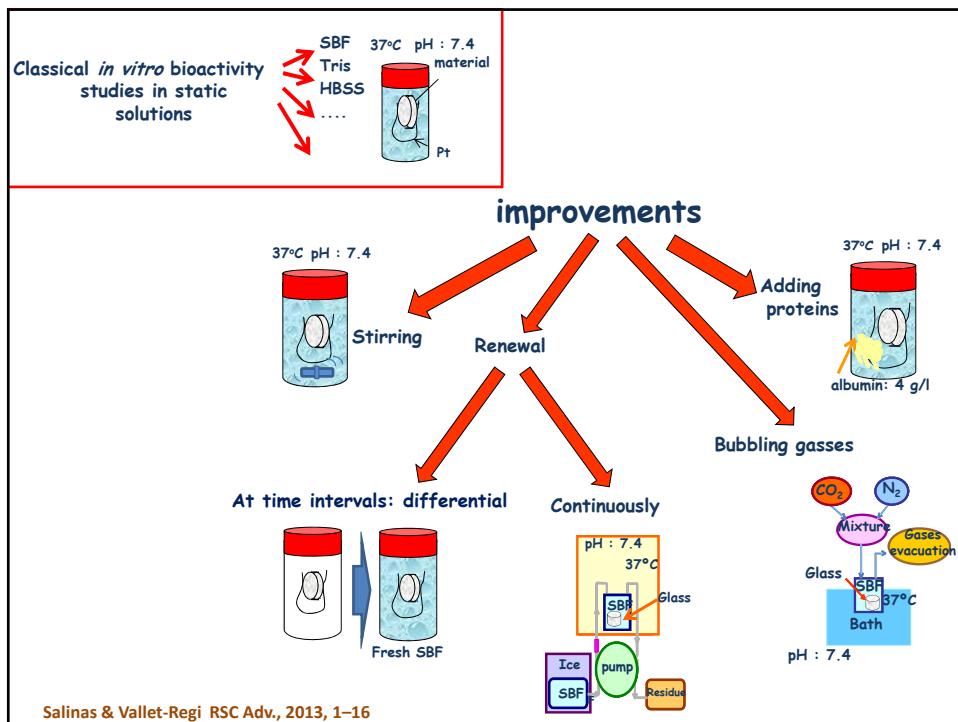


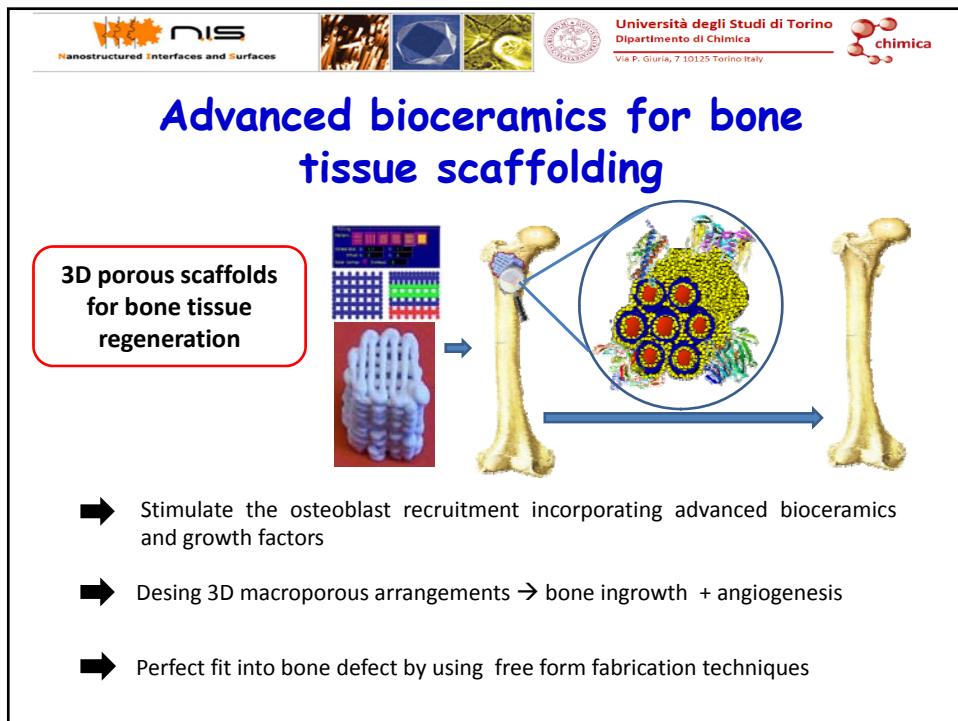
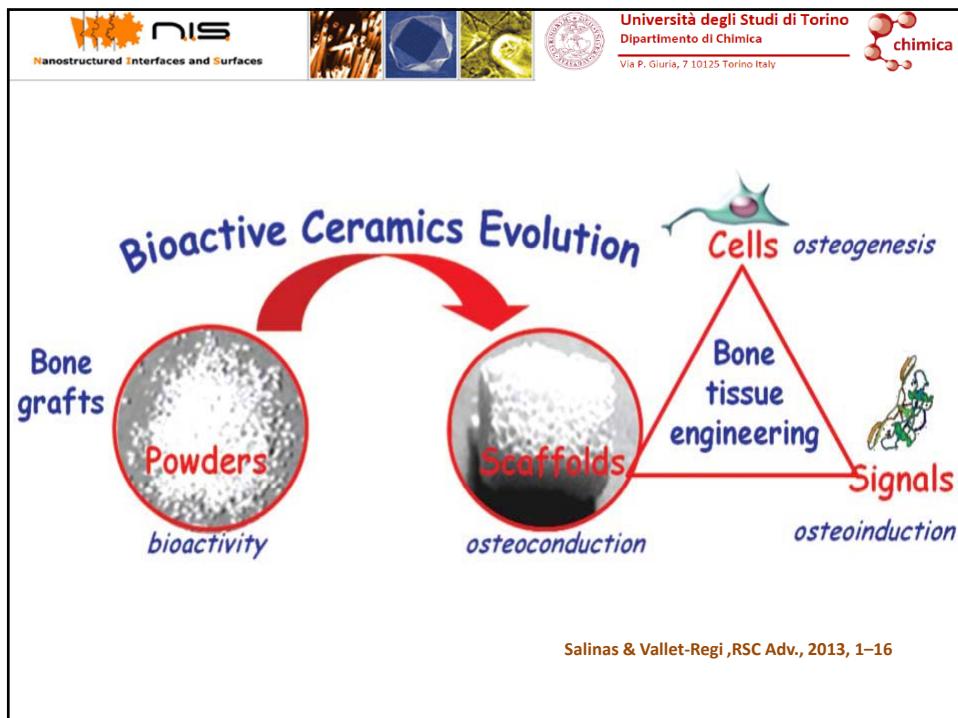








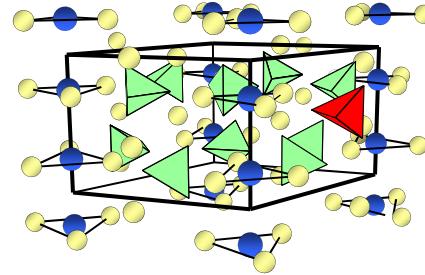




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Silicon substituted hydroxyapatite

Composition $\text{Ca}_{10}(\text{PO}_4)_{5,7}(\text{SiO}_4)_{0,3}(\text{OH})_{1,7}$




Vallet-Regí M, Arcos D. J Mater Chem (2005)

Improves in the in vivo response of the implant with respect of stoichiometric hydroxyapatite

Mesoporous ordered materials:
pure amorphous-SiO₂



Pluronic 123

A → B → C → D

+

HO(CH₂CH₂O)₂₀(CH₂CH(CH₃)O)₇₀(CH₂CH₂O)₂₀H [Pluronic 123]

-

TEOS → Si(OH)₄

Templated condensation

Tubular pores (2 < Dp < 50 nm)

Si-OH

Controlled drug release

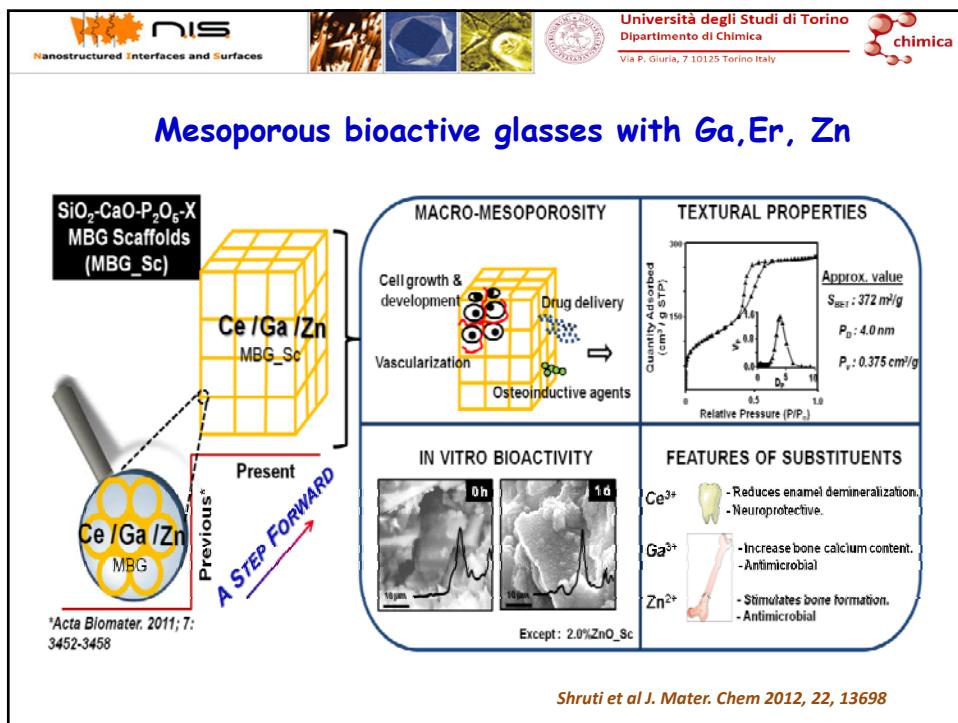
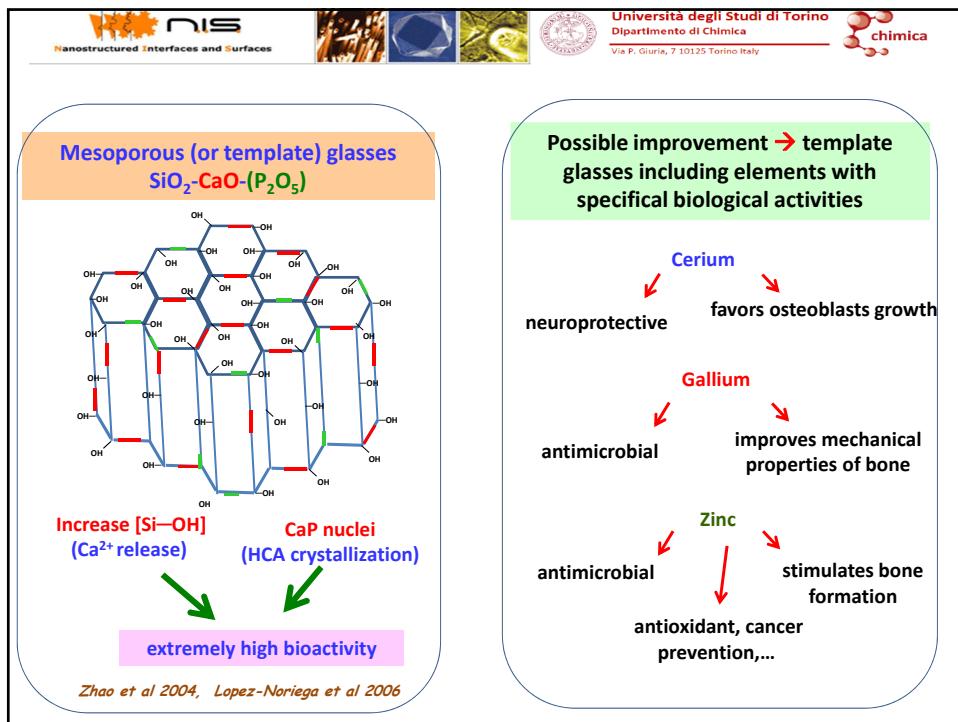
Functionalize to control the drug release

Moderate bioactive response

Surfactant removal

SBA-15, MCM-41,...

Vallet-Regí et al., Chem Mater 2001



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80SiO₂-15CaO-5P₂O₅ glass system enriched with small amounts (0.2 to 7 mol-%) of Ce₂O₃, Ga₂O₃ and ZnO

MBG Scaffolds

Ce³⁺
- Reduces enamel demineralization.
- Favors osteoblast growth.
- Neuroprotective.

Ga³⁺
★ Ga³⁺
- Antimicrobial
- Increase bone calcium content.
- Blocks bone resorption.

Zn²⁺
- Potent inhibitor of osteoclastic resorption in vitro.
- Stimulates bone formation.
- Antimicrobial.

Salinas et al Acta Biomater 2011
Shruti et al J Mater Chem 2012
Shruti et al Acta Biomater 2013
Shruti et al Microp Mesop Mater 2013

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SBA-15 materials loaded with osteostatin

SBA-15

↑ surface and pore volume, mesoporosity, silanol groups

SBA-15-C8

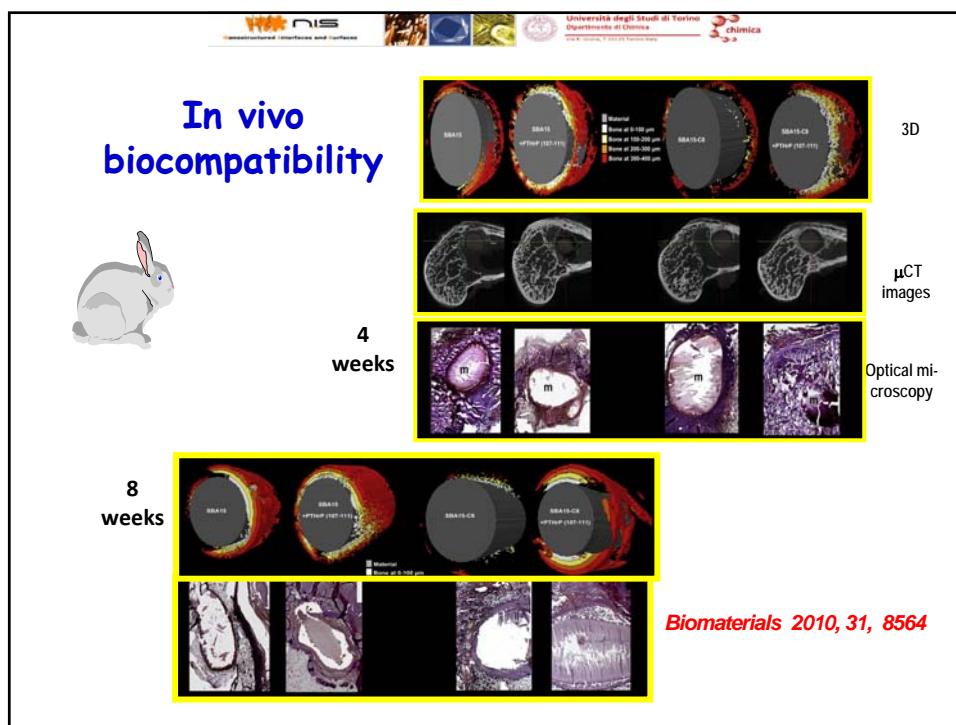
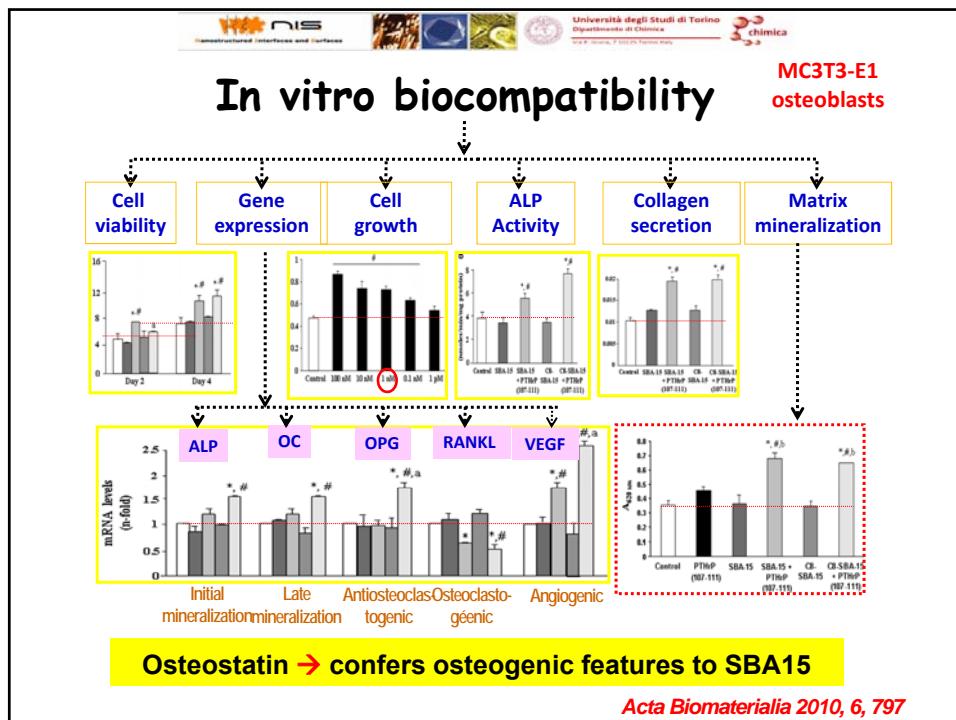
Alkyl functionalization: modify the interaction with biomolecules

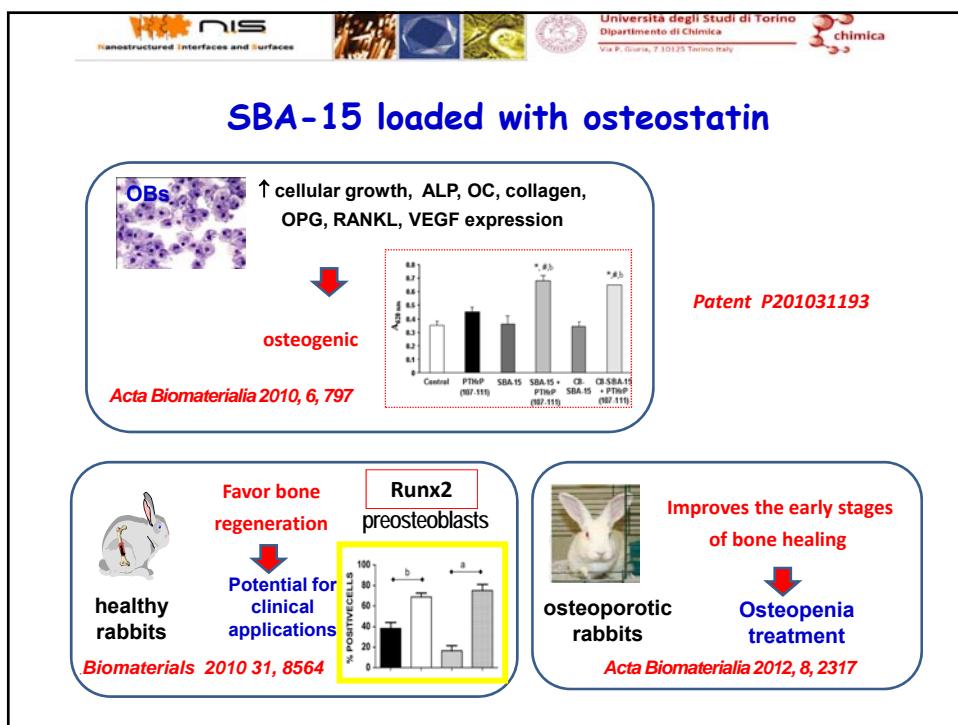
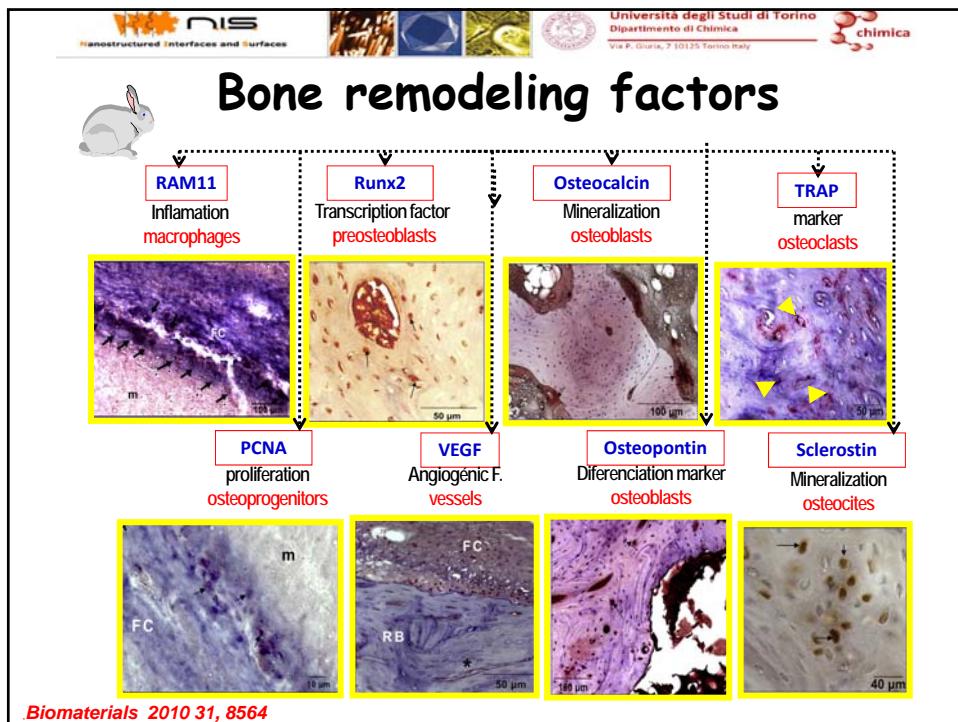
**PThrP (107-111)
osteostatin**

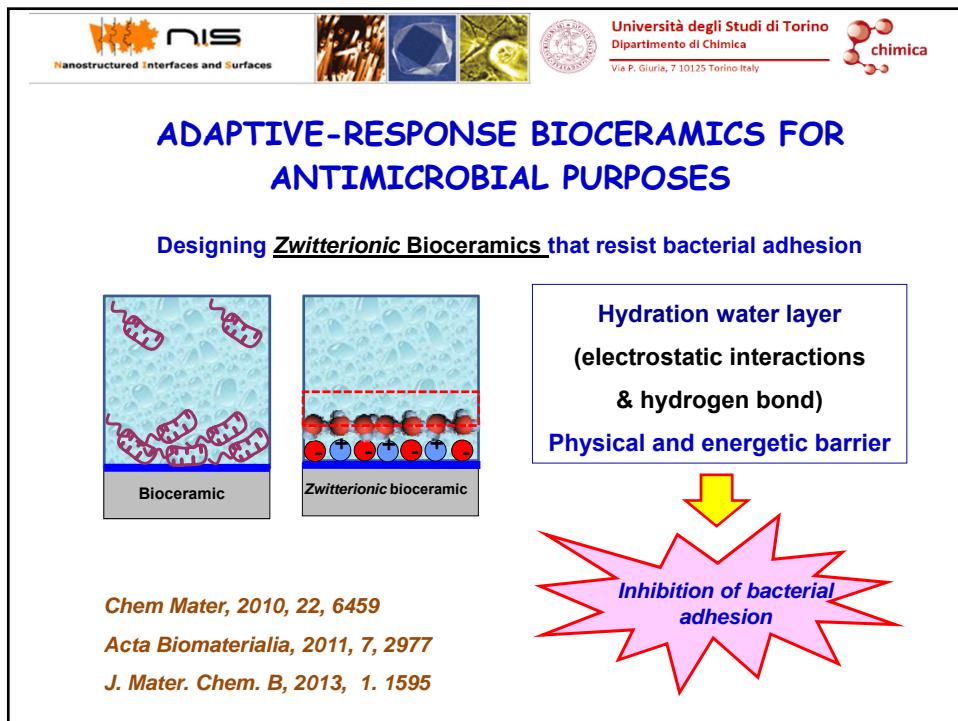
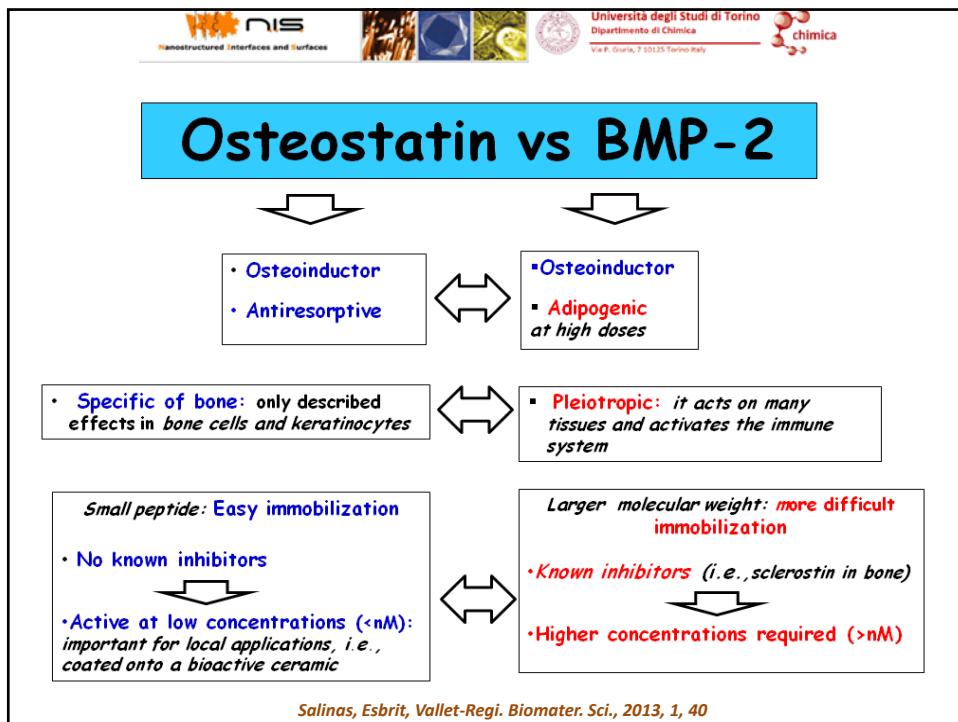
- ↓ Osteoclast activity → antiresorptive
- Osteogenic effects in osteoblasts ?

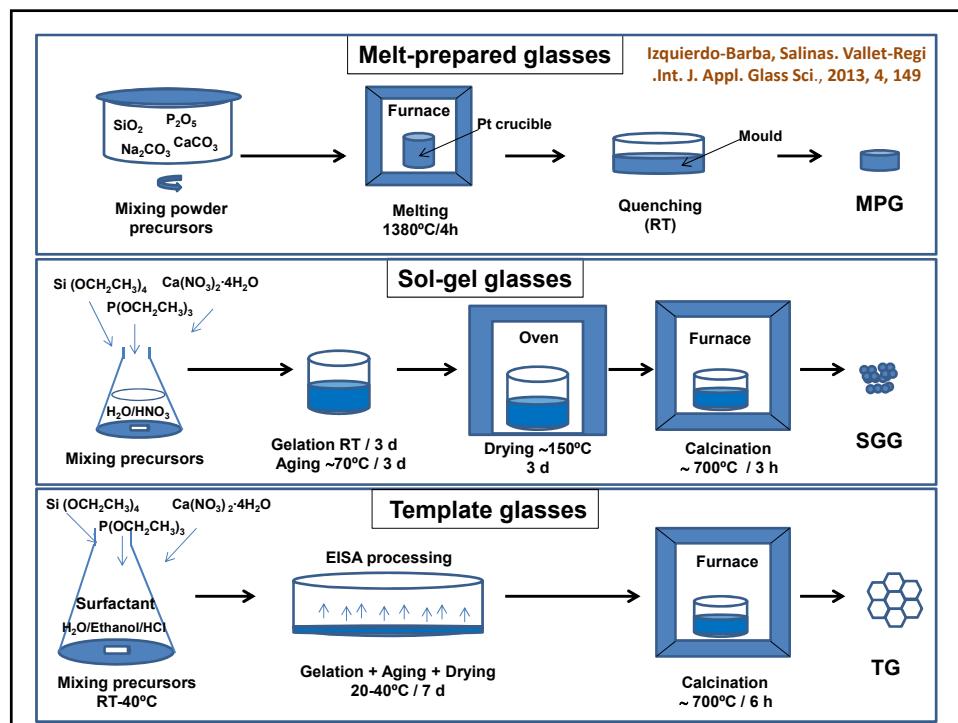
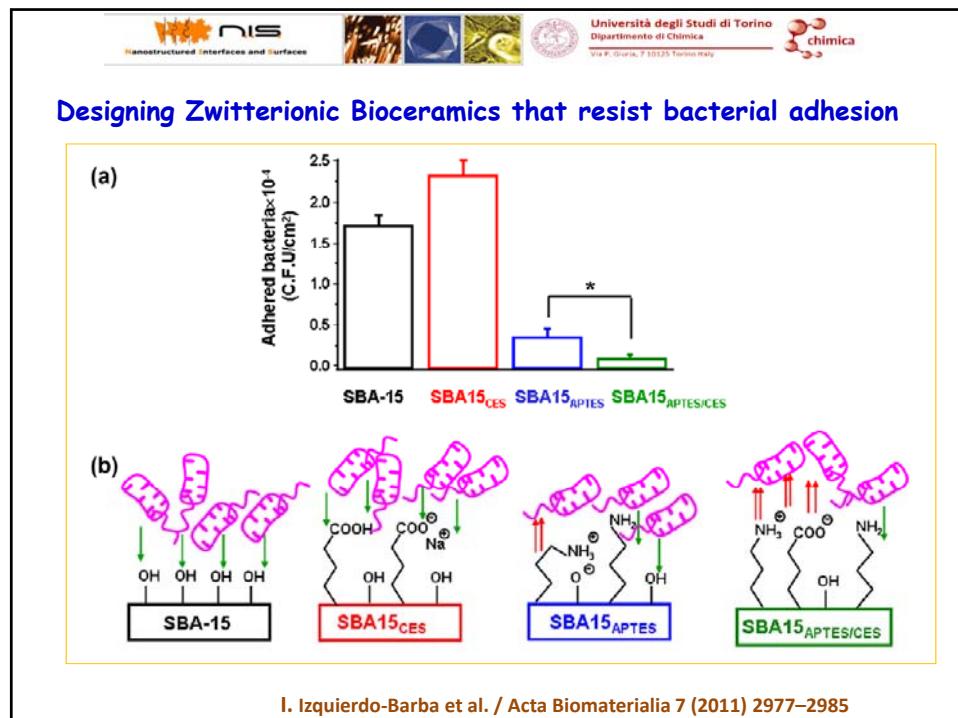
Osteostatin PTHrP(107-111)
Diagram showing biological pathways:
- OBS proliferation and viability
- VEGF system and angiogenic
- Antidiopgenic
- Anticatabolic
- Bone regeneration
- Treatment of osteopenia
- Anabolic effect
- OBS differentiation

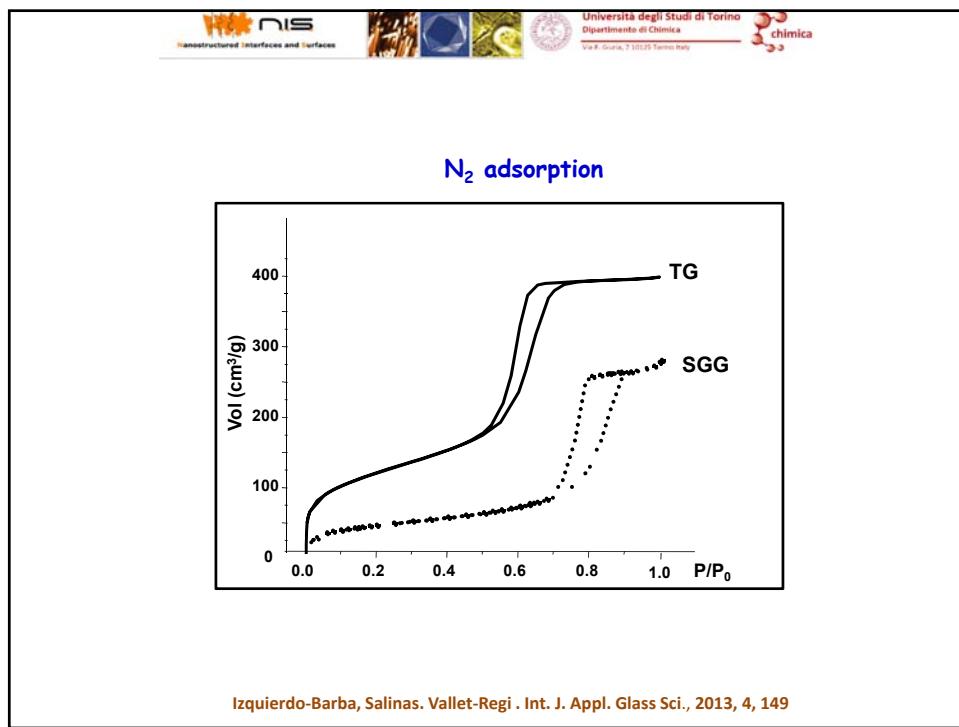
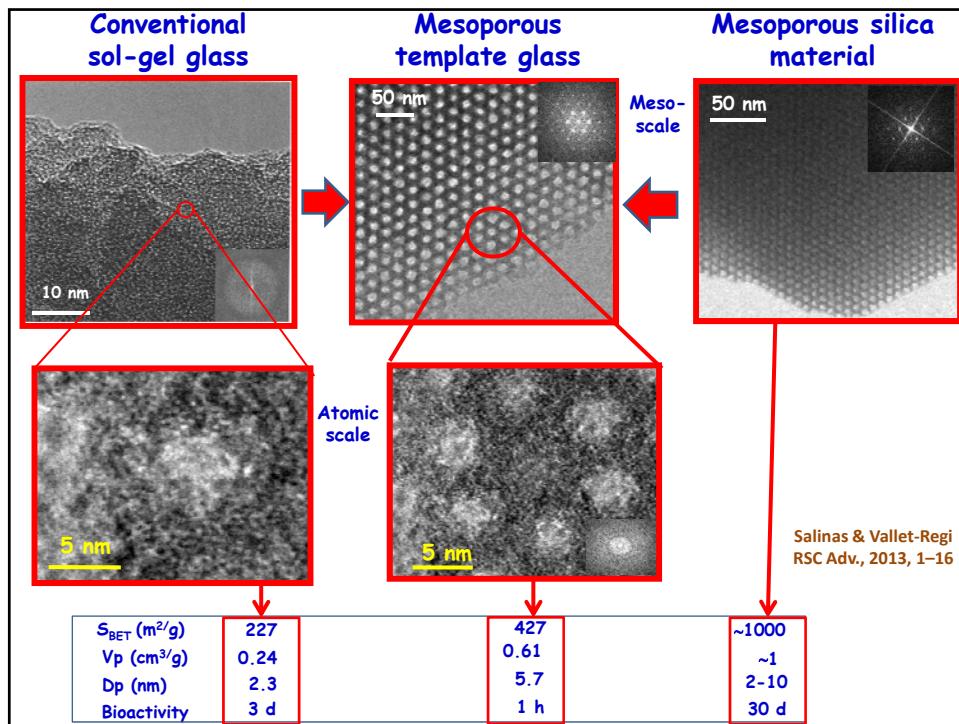
Salinas, Esbrit, Vallet-Regi, Biomater. Sci., 2013, 1, 40

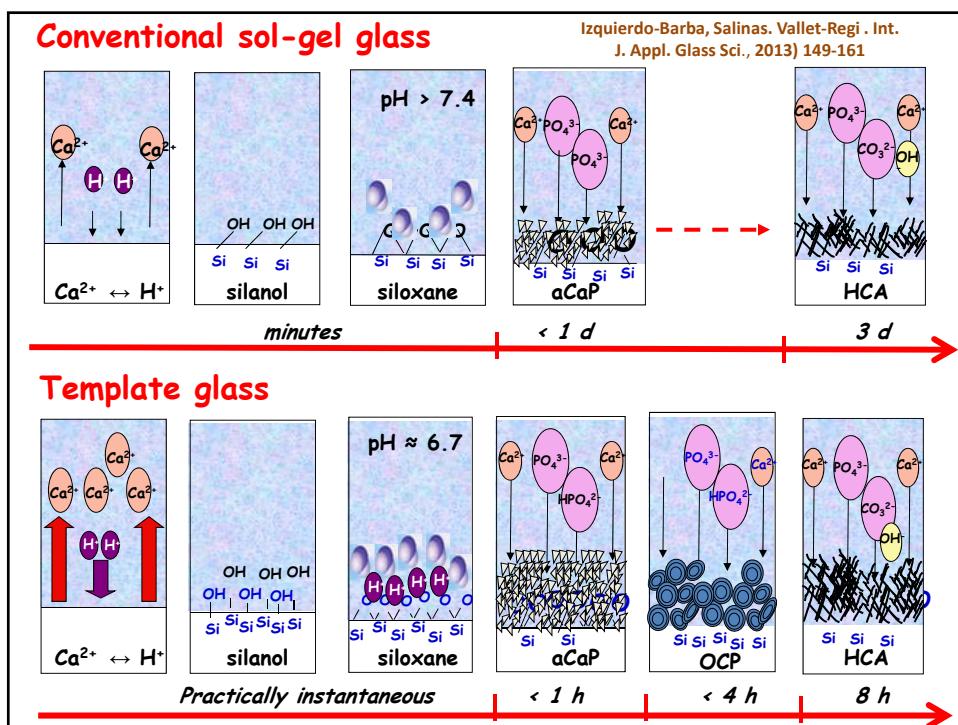
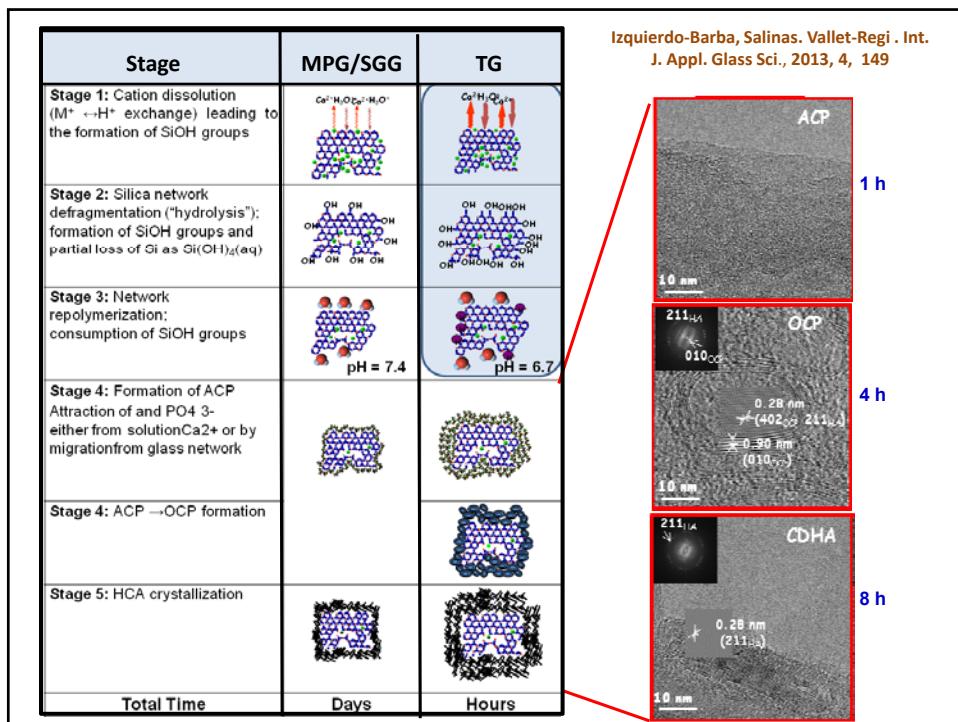


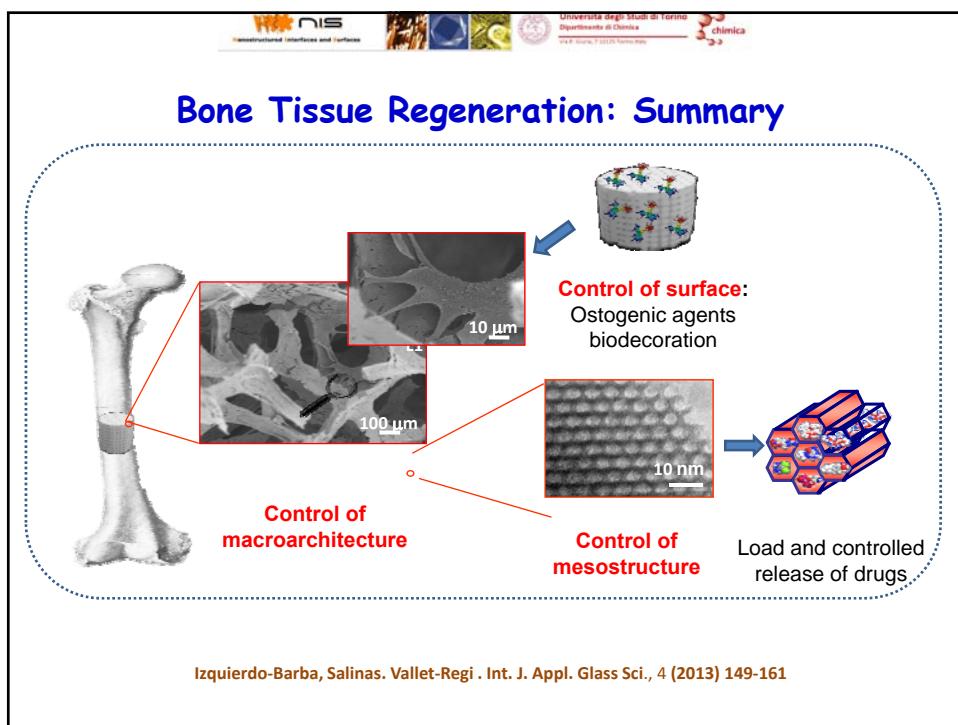
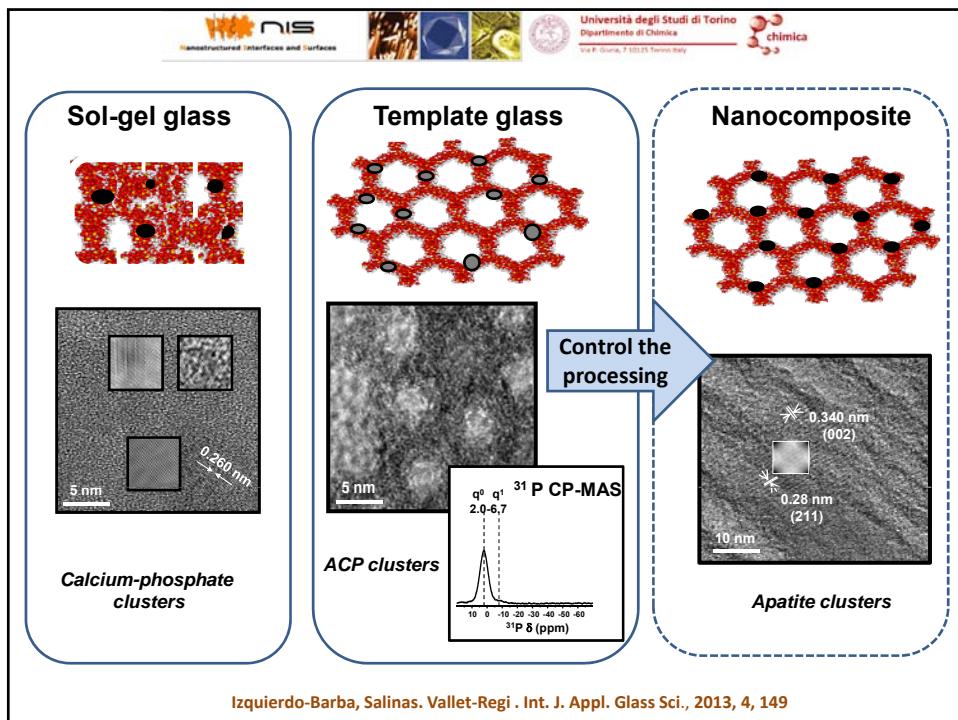












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